SAFETY DATA SHEET

LYSOL® Power Bathroom Cleaner - Soap Scum & Shine



1/12

1. Product and company identification		
Product name	: LYSOL® Power Bathroom Cleaner - Soap Scum & Shine	
Distributed by	: Reckitt Benckiser LLC. Morris Corporate Center IV 399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225) Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225 +1 973 404 2600	
Emergency telephone number (Medical)	: 1-800-338-6167	
Emergency telephone number (Transport)	: 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887	
Website:	: http://www.rbnainfo.com	
Product use	: Bathroom cleaning (spray) Disinfectant.	

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

SDS #	: D0069808 v4.0
Formulation #:	 1213-097 (0069807 v4.0) Island Breeze[™] scent; 1154-085 (0079554 v2.0) Green Apple Breeze[®] scent; 1213-094 (0079558 v3.0) Summer Fresh
EPA ID No.	: 675-55
UPC Code / Sizes	: 22 fl. oz; 28 fl. oz; 32 fl. oz and 40 fl. oz Trigger Bottles;

2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1-(2-butoxy-1-methylethoxy)propan-2-ol citric acid glycollic acid disodium decyl(sulphonatophenoxy)benzenesulphonate	2.5 - 5 1 - 2.5 1 - 2.5 1 - 2.5 1 - 2.5	29911-28-2 77-92-9 79-14-1 36445-71-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessa	ry first aid measures			
Eye contact	eyelids. Che		f water, occasionally lifting the upp contact lenses. Continue to rinse	
Inhalation	not breathing respiration of aid to give m persist or are	 if breathing is irregular oxygen by trained persouth-to-mouth resuscitate severe. If unconsciounediately. Maintain and 	at rest in a position comfortable for r or if respiratory arrest occurs, pro- sonnel. It may be dangerous to the ation. Get medical attention if adve s, place in recovery position and g open airway. Loosen tight clothing	ovide artificial e person providing erse health effects let medical
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4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It ma be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	y

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid
	contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original
	container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly
	closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product
	residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities incompatibilities

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control</u>		
Occupational exposure lim	<u>iits</u>	
Not applicable.		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	ires	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	: Characteristic. [Light]
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: 1.8 to 2.2 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%][25°C]
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.015 to 1.025
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from extreme heat. Protect from moisture.
Incompatible materials	: Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: alkalis
	Do not mix with household chemicals.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
citric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
glycollic acid	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	3600 mg/m³ 1938 mg/kg	4 hours -
disodium decyl (sulphonatophenoxy) benzenesulphonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1420 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
citric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
glycollic acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-
disodium decyl (sulphonatophenoxy) benzenesulphonate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 Mililiters	-
•	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-
*LYSOL Brand III Kills 99.9% of Viruses & Bacteria Bathroom Cleaner Complete Clean (Trigger)	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	>2	-	-
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Non-irritant to skin. * Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

Eyes

Skin

: Irritating to eyes. * Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

Respiratory

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization

Not available.

<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Respiratory	 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mutagenicity Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Not available.	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	38856.7 mg/kg 183.7 mg/l

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
citric acid	Acute LC50 160000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-(2-butoxy-1-methylethoxy) propan-2-ol	1.523	-	low
citric acid glycollic acid	-1.8 <0.3	-	low low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Release of large quantities into water may cause a pH-change resulting in danger for aquatic life.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

Not a DOT controlled material (United States). Not a TDG-controlled material. This preparation is not classified as dangerous according to international transport regulations (ADR/RID, IMDG or ICAO/IATA).

15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 1-(2-butoxy-1-methylethoxy)propan-2-ol; bornan-2-one; 2-(4-tert- butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde; 2-methylundecanal; dodecanal TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	;	Not listed
SARA 302/304		
Composition/information	<u>on</u>	ingredients
No products wore found		

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
citric acid glycollic acid disodium decyl(sulphonatophenoxy) benzenesulphonate	1 - 2.5 1 - 2.5 1 - 2.5	No. No. No.	No. No. No.	No. No. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes.	No. No. No.

State regulations

Massachusetts	:	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	;	None of the components are listed.

- Pennsylvania
- : None of the components are listed.

Canada

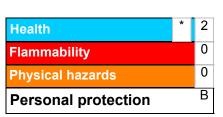
Canaua						
WHMIS	(Canada)	: Class E: Corrosive material				
<u>Canadia</u>	<u>n lists</u>					
Canad	an NPRI	: None of the c	omponents are listed.			
Code #	: D0069808 (US)	SDS #	: D0069808 v4.0	Date of issue	: 27/02/2017	10/1

15. Regulatory information				
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.			
Canada inventory	: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.			
Label elements				
Signal word:	: WARNING			
Hazard statements	: Causes eye irritation.			
Precautionary measures	: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.			

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash with soap and water.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
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16. Other information

Date of issue	: 27/02/2017
Date of previous issue	: 18/03/2016.
Version	: 4
Prepared by	: Reckitt Benckiser LLC. Product Safety Department 1 Philips Parkway Montvale, New Jersey 07646-1810 USA. FAX: 201-476-7770

Revision comments : Name change for Island Breeze[™] scent (Formula #0069807)

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



RB is a member of the CSPA Product Care Product Stewardship Program.